

**CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
OFFICIAL ROUTING SLIP**

TO	NAME AND ADDRESS	DATE	INITIALS
1	Executive Director	<u> </u>	
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<input type="checkbox"/>	ACTION	<input type="checkbox"/>	DIRECT REPLY	<input type="checkbox"/>	PREPARE REPLY
<input type="checkbox"/>	APPROVAL	<input type="checkbox"/>	DISPATCH	<input type="checkbox"/>	RECOMMENDATION
<input type="checkbox"/>	COMMENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	FILE	<input type="checkbox"/>	RETURN
<input type="checkbox"/>	CONCURRENCE	<input type="checkbox"/>	INFORMATION	<input type="checkbox"/>	SIGNATURE

Remarks:

To accompany the draft forwarded you on
17 January 1963 on Foreign Affairs Academy.

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FROM: NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NO.	DATE
OGC/LC 7 D 07	22 Jan 63

UNCLASSIFIED**CONFIDENTIAL****SECRET**

BB FORM
NO. 38

ROUTE SLIP

(Fold Here)

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

DATE 1/22/63

TO: Mr. John S. Warner

FROM: Martin Kramer

REMARKS:

To accompany draft forwarded 1/16/63

E. A. T. Jr.
cc: DR/TR

State draft

SUGGESTED MESSAGE TO ACCOMPANY
FOREIGN AFFAIRS ACADEMY LEGISLATION

I am transmitting herewith for the consideration of the Congress a suggested bill to strengthen and improve the foreign policy of the United States by establishing a National Academy of Foreign Affairs.

The need for such a new Academy is occasioned by nothing less than new and drastic developments in the nature of international politics.

We are confronted and challenged by the continuing and increasing threat of the totalitarian ambitions of the communist world; the rapid emergence of new countries striving to be politically independent and economically viable; and new patterns of thought and action affecting the political, economic, and social intercourse among nations.

These confrontations and challenges have demanded new and bold approaches in the highly complex arenas of international affairs.

We have found that our tremendously expanding overseas operations, involving virtually every department and agency in the government, have vastly increased the problems of coordination and administration. This has necessitated

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closely coordinated teamwork both in policy formulation and overseas execution at every level. We must prepare our government personnel to meet these problems with maximum effectiveness.

We have discovered that the quiet and polite traditions of yesterday's diplomacy have little value in the vast complex of today's international politics. Diplomatic talent is not enough. It must be coupled with executive and administrative competence. We must have highly trained and experienced individuals prepared to function capably anywhere within the economic, political, and social spectrum of our concern -- from a small village in distant Tanganyika to the intricate lofts of the United Nations.

Our capacity as a leader of the Free World to thwart the global ambitions of communist absolutism will be greatly strengthened by the creation of an Academy dedicated to rigorous, challenging programs of training, education and research in foreign affairs and related fields. The successful implementation of our commitment to extend freedom throughout the world by building a peaceful community of free and independent states depends significantly on the training and qualifications of the men and women charged with the responsibility for the formulation and implementation

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of our foreign policy in the years ahead.

Great efforts have been made by governmental departments and agencies to meet these challenges. The significant contributions made by existing training and research programs and facilities, such as the Foreign Service Institute, should not be underestimated.

However, it has become ominously clear that the new and increasing demands cannot be satisfied within the piecemeal and splintered framework of our present programs and facilities.

This new Academy, autonomous in nature and interdepartmental in scope, would enable us to concentrate our in-service training efforts by providing new orientations and leadership for the officers and employees in our government concerned with foreign affairs. The sustained successes of our in-service national war colleges warrant a parallel effort in the field of foreign affairs.

Let it be stated that such an Academy is not intended in any way to compete with the great work carried on by our colleges and universities. Their valuable contributions in the field of foreign affairs, both in graduates and research, must continue unimpeded.

With emphasis on excellence and maximum utilization of

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our potential, we would not only create a great training and research institution, but we would also establish a living symbol of our complete and total commitment to freedom and peace in the world.

I earnestly hope the Congress will give early and favorable consideration to this legislation.